Designs grow out of natural curiosity.

Skills can be developed through play.

Technologies are tools that extend human capabilities.

Curricular Competencies	Content
Students are expected to be able to do the following:	Students are expected to use the learning standards for Curricular Competencies from
Applied Design	Applied Design, Skills, and Technologies K–3
Ideating	in combination with grade-level content from
Identify needs and opportunities for designing, through exploration	other areas of learning in cross-curricular
 Generate ideas from their experiences and interests Add to others' ideas 	activities to develop foundational mindsets and skills in design thinking and making.
Choose an idea to pursue	come in accign amount grants maning.
Making	
Choose tools and materials	
 Make a product using known procedures or through modelling of others 	
 Use trial and error to make changes, solve problems, or incorporate new ideas from self or others 	
Sharing	
Decide on how and with whom to share their product	
 Demonstrate their product, tell the story of designing and making their product, and explain how their product contributes to the individual, family, community, and/or environment 	
Use personal preferences to evaluate the success of their design solutions	
 Reflect on their ability to work effectively both as individuals and collaboratively in a group 	
Applied Skills	
 Use materials, tools, and technologies in a safe manner in both physical and digital environments 	
 Develop their skills and add new ones through play and collaborative work 	
Applied Technologies	
• Explore the use of simple, available tools and technologies to extend their capabilities	



People create art to express who they are as individuals and community.

Engagement in the **arts** creates opportunities for **inquiry** through purposeful play.

Dance, drama, music, and visual arts express meaning in unique ways.

People connect to others and share ideas through the **arts**.

Learning Standards

Curricular Competencies

Students will be able to use creative processes to:

Exploring and creating

- Explore **elements**, processes, materials, movements, technologies, tools, and techniques of the arts
- Create artistic works collaboratively and as an individual, using ideas inspired by imagination, inquiry, experimentation, and **purposeful play**
- Explore artistic expressions of themselves and community through creative processes

Reasoning and reflecting

- Observe and share how **artists** (dancers, actors, musicians, and visual artists) use processes, materials, movements, technologies, tools, and techniques
- Develop processes and technical skills in a **variety of art forms** to nurture motivation, development, and imagination
- Reflect on creative processes and make connections to other experiences

Communicating and documenting

- Interpret symbols and how they can be used to express meaning through the arts
- Express feelings, ideas, stories, observations, and experiences through the arts
- Describe and respond to works of art
- Experience, **document** and **share** creative works in a variety of ways
- Demonstrate increasingly sophisticated application and/or engagement of curricular content

Content

Students are expected to know the following:

- elements in the arts, including but not limited to:
 - dance: body, space, dynamics, time, relationships, form
 - drama: **character**, time, place, plot
 - music: beat/pulse, rhythm, tempo, pitch, dynamics, form
 - visual arts: elements of design: line, shape, texture, colour; principles of design: pattern, repetition
- processes, materials, movements, technologies, tools and techniques to support arts activities
- notation to represent sounds, ideas and movement
- a variety of dramatic forms
- **symbolism** as a means of expressing specific meaning
- traditional and contemporary Aboriginal arts and arts-making processes
- a variety of local works of art and artistic traditions from diverse cultures and communities
- personal and collective responsibility associated with creating, experiencing, or sharing in a safe learning environment



Area of Learning: CAREER EDUCATION

Kindergarten-Grade 3

BIG IDEAS

Confidence develops through the process of self-discovery.

Strong communities are the result of being connected to family and community and working together toward common goals.

Effective collaboration relies on clear, respectful communication.

Everything we learn helps us to develop skills.

Communities include many different roles requiring many different skills. Learning is a lifelong enterprise.

Curricular Competencies	Content
 Students are expected to be able to do the following: Identify and appreciate their personal attributes, skills, interests, and accomplishments Recognize the importance of positive relationships in their lives Share ideas, information, personal feelings, and knowledge with others Work respectfully and constructively with others to achieve common goals Recognize the importance of learning in their lives and future careers 	Students are expected to know the following: Personal Development • goal-setting strategies • risk taking and its role in self-exploration
Set and achieve realistic learning goals for themselves Identify and appreciate the roles and responsibilities of people in their schools, families, and communities Demonstrate effective work habits and organizational skills appropriate to their level of development Recognize the basic skills required in a variety of jobs in the community	 roles and responsibilities at home, at school, and in the local community jobs in the local community



Language and **story** can be a source of creativity and joy.

Stories and other texts
help us learn about ourselves
and our families.

Stories and other **texts** can be shared through pictures and words.

Everyone has a unique **story** to share.

Through listening and speaking, we connect with others and share our world.

Playing with language helps us discover how language works.

Curiosity and wonder lead us to new discoveries about ourselves and the world around us.

Curricular Competencies	Content
Using oral, written, visual, and digital texts, students are expected individually and collaboratively to be able to:	Students are expected to know the following:
Comprehend and connect (reading, listening, viewing)	Story/text
 Read fluently at grade level Use sources of information and prior knowledge to make meaning Use developmentally appropriate reading, listening, and viewing strategies to make meaning Use foundational concepts of print, oral, and visual texts 	elements of storyliterary elements and devicesvocabulary to talk about texts
Engage actively as listeners, viewers, and readers, as appropriate, to develop understanding of self, identity, and	Strategies and processes
 community Recognize the importance of story in personal, family, and community identity Use personal experience and knowledge to connect to stories and other texts to make meaning Recognize the structure and elements of story Show awareness of how story in First Peoples cultures connects people to family 	reading strategiesoral language strategiesmetacognitive strategieswriting processes
and community	Language features, structures, and conventions
 Create and communicate (writing, speaking, representing) Exchange ideas and perspectives to build shared understanding Identify, organize, and present ideas in a variety of forms Create stories and other texts to deepen awareness of self, family, and community Plan and create a variety of communication forms for different purposes and audiences Communicate using letters and words and applying some conventions of Canadian spelling, grammar, and punctuation Explore oral storytelling processes 	 concepts of print print awareness phonemic and phonological awareness letter formation sentence structure conventions

Area of Learning: Mathematics

BIG IDEAS

Numbers to 20 represent quantities that can be decomposed into 10s and 1s.

Addition and subtraction with numbers to 10 can be modelled concretely, pictorially, and symbolically to develop computational **fluency**.

Repeating elements in **patterns** can be identified.

Objects and shapes have attributes that can be described, measured, and compared.

Concrete graphs help us to compare and interpret **data** and show one-to-one correspondence.

Curricular Competencies	Content
Students are expected to do the following:	Students are expected to know the following:
Reasoning and analyzing Use reasoning to explore and make connections Estimate reasonably Develop mental math strategies and abilities to make sense of quantities Use technology to explore mathematics Model mathematics in contextualized experiences	 number concepts to 20 ways to make 10 addition and subtraction to 20 (understanding of operation and process) repeating patterns with multiple elements and attributes change in quantity to 20, concretely and verbally meaning of equality and inequality direct measurement with non-standard units (non-uniform and uniform) comparison of 2D shapes and 3D objects concrete graphs, using one-to-one correspondence likelihood of familiar life events, using comparative language financial literacy — values of coins, and monetary exchanges
 Understanding and solving Develop, demonstrate, and apply mathematical understanding through play, inquiry, and problem solving Visualize to explore mathematical concepts Develop and use multiple strategies to engage in problem solving Engage in problem-solving experiences that are connected to place, story, cultural practices, and perspectives relevant to local First Peoples communities, the local community, and other cultures 	
 Communicating and representing Communicate mathematical thinking in many ways Use mathematical vocabulary and language to contribute to mathematical discussions 	
 Explain and justify mathematical ideas and decisions Represent mathematical ideas in concrete, pictorial, and symbolic forms Connecting and reflecting	
 Reflect on mathematical thinking Connect mathematical concepts to each other and to other areas and personal interests Incorporate First Peoples worldviews and perspectives to make connections to mathematical concepts 	





Daily physical activity helps us develop movement skills and physical literacy, and is an important part of healthy living. Learning about ourselves and others helps us develop a positive attitude and caring behaviours, which helps us build healthy relationships. Knowing about our bodies and making healthy choices helps us look after ourselves.

Good health comprises physical, mental, and emotional well-being.

Curricular Competencies	Content
Students are expected to be able to do the following:	Students are expected to know the following:
Physical literacy Develop and demonstrate a variety of fundamental movement skills in a variety of physical activities and environments Describe the body's reaction to participating in physical activity in a variety of environments Develop and demonstrate safety, fair play, and leadership in physical activities Healthy and active living Participate daily in physical activity at moderate to vigorous intensity levels Identify opportunities to be physically active at school, at home, and in the community Identify and explore a variety of foods and describe how they contribute to health Identify opportunities to make choices that contribute to health and well-being Recognize basic health information from a variety of sources Social and community health Describe ways to prevent and respond to a variety of unsafe and/or uncomfortable situations Develop and demonstrate respectful behaviour when participating in activities with others Identify caring behaviours among classmates and within families Mental well-being Identify and describe practices that promote mental well-being Identify personal skills, interests, and preferences	 proper technique for fundamental movement skills, including non-locomotor, locomotor, and manipulative skills how to participate in different types of physical activities, including individual and dual activities, rhythmic activities, and games relationships between food, hydration, and health effects of different activities on the body practices that promote health and well-being names for parts of the body, including male and female private parts appropriate and inappropriate ways of being touched different types of substances and how to safely use or avoid them hazards and potentially unsafe situations caring behaviours in groups and families emotions and their causes and effects reliable sources of health information



Area of Learning: SCIENCE

Grade 1

BIG IDEAS

Living things have features and behaviours that help them survive in their environment.

Matter is useful because of its properties.

Light and sound can be produced and their properties can be changed.

Observable patterns and cycles occur in the local sky and landscape.

Curricular Competencies	Content
Students are expected to be able to do the following:	Students are expected to know the following:
Demonstrate curiosity and a sense of wonder about the world Observe objects and events in familiar contexts Ask questions about familiar objects and events Make simple predictions about familiar objects and events Planning and conducting Make and record observations Safely manipulate materials to test ideas and predictions Make and record simple measurements using informal or non-standard methods Processing and analyzing data and information Experience and interpret the local environment Recognize First Peoples stories (including oral and written narratives), songs, and art, as ways to share knowledge Sort and classify data and information using drawings, pictographs and provided tables Compare observations with predictions through discussion Identify simple patterns and connections Evaluating Compare observations with those of others Consider some environmental consequences of their actions Applying and innovating Take part in caring for self, family, classroom and school through personal approaches Transfer and apply learning to new situations Generate and introduce new or refined ideas when problem solving Communicating Communication Communicate observations and ideas using oral or written language, drawing, or role-play Express and reflect on personal experiences of place	 classification of living and non-living things names of local plants and animals structural features of living things in the local environment behavioural adaptations of animals in the local environment specific properties of materials allow us to use them in different ways natural and artificial sources of light and sound properties of light and sound depend on their source and the objects with which they interact common objects in the sky the knowledge of First Peoples shared First Peoples knowledge of the sky local First Peoples knowledge of the local landscape, plants and animals local First Peoples understanding and use of seasonal rounds local patterns that occur on Earth and in the sky

นุรีกรระหาง of Education Area of Learning: SOCIAL STUDIES — Local Communities

BIG IDEAS

We shape the local environment, and the local environment shapes who we are and how we live. Our rights, roles, and responsibilities are important for building strong communities.

Healthy communities recognize and respect the diversity of individuals and care for the local environment.

Curricular Competencies	Content
 Curricular Competencies Students are expected to be able to do the following: Use Social Studies inquiry processes and skills to ask questions; gather, interpret, and analyze ideas; and communicate findings and decisions Explain the significance of personal or local events, objects, people, or places (significance) Ask questions, make inferences, and draw conclusions about the content and features of different types of sources (evidence) 	Content Students are expected to know the following: characteristics of the local community that provide organization and meet the needs of the community diverse cultures, backgrounds, and perspectives within the local and other communities relationships between a community and its environment roles, rights, and responsibilities in the local
 Sequence objects, images, or events, and distinguish between what has changed and what has stayed the same (continuity and change) Recognize causes and consequences of events, decisions, or developments in their lives (cause and consequence) Explore different perspectives on people, places, issues, or events in their lives (perspective) Identify fair and unfair aspects of events, decisions, or actions in their lives and consider appropriate courses of action (ethical judgment) 	community • key events and developments in the local community, and in local First Peoples communities • natural and human-made features of the local environment